Correction Class 5

1. Reported speech

Direct speech	Reported speech
Mike says:	
'I am tired.'	Mike said (that) he was tired.
"My parents are fine."	Mike said (that) his parents were fine.
'I am going to learn Chinese.'	He said (that) he was going to learn Chinese.
'I went to the movies last night.'	He said (that) he had gone to the movies the night before.
'I moved here two years ago.'	He said (that) he had moved there two years before / earlier
'I don't know what to do now.'	He said (that) he didn't know what to do then .
'Listen to me!'	He told me to listen to him.
'Don't get angry!"	He told me <mark>not to get</mark> angry.
'L.A. is bigger than Paris;'	He said (that) L.A. was bigger than Paris.
	Or (because this statement is still true)
	He said that L.A. is bigger than Paris. DATA

'I must go.'	He said he had to go.
'I may get fired.'	He said he might get fired.
'I will finish tomorrow.'	He said he would finish the next / following day.

2. Recap on time and place

Direct speech	Reported speech
This morning	That morning
Today	That day
Tomorrow	The next day / the following day
Last year	The year before / the previous year
Now	Then / at that moment / at the moment / at that
	time
Here	There

3. Recap on tenses

Simple present	Simple past
	Or simple present if the statement is still
	true
Simple past preterit	
Present perfect	Past perfect (HAD + ED or 3 rd c)
Past perfect	
Will	Would

Am / are / is	Was / were
May	Might
Was / were	
Has been / have been	Had been
Had been	
Imperative	Infinitive
Imperative - negative form	Not + infinitive

4. Practice

Direct speech	Indirect speech
1. 'How old is she?'	He wondered how old she was.
2. 'Where do you live?'	He wanted to know where I lived.
3. 'You will feel better soon'	He said I would feel better soon / a bit later.
4. 'Have you seen my house keys?'	He asked me whether / if I had seen his house keys.
5. 'Please don't call me after midnight.'	He told me not to call him after midnight.
6. 'Stop complaining!'	She told me to stop complaining.
7. 'The sun rises in the east.'	He said the sun rises in the east. (= a science fact)
8. 'Water freezes at 32 degrees Fahrenheit.'	They said (that) water freezes at 32 degrees Fahrenheit.

- 5. Pronunciation: sentence stress.
 - You cannot stress all the words of the sentence. The 'music' is inside the words AND inside the sentences.
 - Words such as the, a, an, to be, and... are usually not stressed unless you
 want to insist on them. Nouns, verbs and adjectives must or can be
 stressed depending on what you mean.
 - Practice. Read these sentences. Pay attention to the intonation.
 - a. I was thinking of buying a car.
 - b. I'm sorry, I can't. I'm going to college.
 - c. Let's eat, Grandma!
 - d. I need to study tonight.
 - e. I didn't cheat on the test today! (=> What do you insist on?)
 - f. I didn't kiss that man. / I didn't kiss that woman! (=> What do you insist on?)
 - Changing the meaning.

Sometimes, the meaning changes depending on where you put the stress.

- The cat is sleeping. → What's important in the sentence? Read.
- I didn't leave because I was angry. (I stayed)
- I didn't leave because I was angry. (I left but not because I was angry).
- Mike's cookies are delicious.
- Mike's cookies are delicious.
- Mike's cookies are delicious.
- ⇒ What are the differences between the three?
- ⇒ Read them out loud.
 - Your Spanish is almost <u>perfect</u>.
 - · Your Spanish is almost perfect.

- Your <u>Spanish</u> is almost perfect.
- Your Spanish is almost perfect.
- What are the differences?
- Read them out loud.
- Silences and intonation → use silences and proper intonation. Example:
- I love my parents, Lady Gaga, and Dwayne Johnson.
- (not: I love my parents, Lady Gaga and Dwayne Johnson.)
- 6. Public speaking if time allows